

Public Interest Disclosure (PID) Guideline

1. Purpose

The Public Sector Commissioner has developed guidelines in accordance with s. 21 of the *Public Interest Disclosure Act 2003* (PID Act) to assist authorities develop their own internal procedures. Under s. 23(1)(e) and s. 23(2) principal executive officers of public authorities are required to prepare and publish internal procedures relating to their obligations under the PID Act. The PSC guidelines have been used and adapted to form the basis for these Guidelines.

The Chief Executive Officer of the Lotteries Commission (Lotterywest) and the Western Australian Health Promotion Foundation (Healthway) must prepare and publish these internal procedures under s. 23(1)(e) of the PID Act.

These Guidelines outline how Lotterywest and Healthway will meet our obligations under the PID Act. They cover the roles and responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer, the PID Officer, the discloser and the subject of the disclosure.

2. Scope

These Guidelines apply to all people involved in the public interest disclosure process, including our Chief Executive Officer, PID Officer(s), employees of Lotterywest and Healthway and/or any person making a public interest disclosure and any subject(s) of a disclosure.

These procedures should be read in conjunction with:

- [Public Interest Disclosure Act 2003](#)
- *Public Interest Disclosure Regulations 2003*
- the [PSC publications](#) “*When someone speaks up – Guide for managers*”, “*PID Officers Code of Conduct and Integrity*”, and “*Don’t be afraid to speak up: Guide for disclosers*”.

3. Guideline

3.1 Organisational commitment for reporting public interest information

Lotterywest and Healthway do not tolerate corrupt or other improper conduct.

Lotterywest and Healthway are committed to the aims and objectives of the PID Act. The PID Act recognises the value and importance of reporting as a means to identify and address wrongdoing.

We strongly support disclosures being made by employees about corrupt or other improper conduct. We also strongly support contractors and members of the community making disclosures about corrupt or improper conduct.

Lotterywest and Healthway do not tolerate any of its employees, contractors or subcontractors taking reprisal action against anyone who makes or proposes to make a public interest disclosure.

Lotterywest and Healthway will take all reasonable steps to protect employees from any detrimental action in reprisal for the making of a public interest disclosure.

Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

The commitment to effectively manage public interest disclosures extends to a proper authority of Lotterywest and Healthway. The persons responsible for receiving disclosures of public interest information designated under s. 23(1)(a) of the PID Act will abide by the [PID Code of conduct and integrity](#) in performing their duties.

Lotterywest and Healthway are also committed to responding to the disclosure thoroughly and impartially. We will treat all people in the disclosure process fairly, including those who may be the subject of a disclosure.

Lotterywest and Healthway will provide as much information as possible to people considering making a public interest disclosure. These internal Guidelines are accessible to all employees and contractors. Copies are available from the designated person appointed as the proper authority (Public Interest Disclosure (PID) Officer) and will be available on our intranet under –Governance - Personal Integrity - Misconduct.

General information about public interest disclosures and how Lotterywest and Healthway will manage a disclosure is available for external parties and members of the community on our websites at www.lotterywest.wa.gov.au and www.healthway.wa.gov.au.

While these Guidelines focus on public interest disclosures, we are committed to dealing with all reports of suspected wrongdoing. We encourage people to report, if they witness any such behaviour. Lotterywest and Healthway will consider each matter under the appropriate reporting pathway and make every attempt to protect staff members making reports from any reprisals.

3.2 Managing public interest disclosures

The following procedures describe how Lotterywest and Healthway will manage the public interest disclosure process.

3.2.1 Overarching requirements of the Public Interest Disclosure Act 2003

The PID Act has some overarching requirements for handling disclosures. These requirements separate the public interest disclosure process from other reporting or complaint handling processes. The PID Act does not, however, displace the notification or reporting requirements of the *Corruption, Crime and Misconduct Act 2003*, which are paramount. The following section outlines how we will meet these requirements, as well as expectations of you, as a discloser, and any subject(s) of your disclosure.

3.2.2 What is ‘public interest information’?

The PID Act only applies to disclosures of public interest information (defined in s. 3). Public interest information means information that:

- relates to the performance of a public function by a public authority, public officer or public sector contractor (either before or after the commencement of the PID Act); and
- shows or tends to show that a public authority, a public officer, or a public sector contractor is, has been or proposes to be involved in:
 - improper conduct; or
 - an act or omission that constitutes an offence under a written (State) law; or
 - substantial unauthorised or irregular use of, or substantial mismanagement of, public resources; or
 - an act done or omission that involves a substantial and specific risk of:
 - injury to public health; or
 - prejudice to public safety; or

Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

- harm to the environment; or
- a matter of administration that can be investigated under section 14 of the Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1971 by the Parliamentary Commissioner (Ombudsman Western Australia).

3.2.3 Confidentiality

Maintaining confidentiality is an important part of managing a disclosure. The confidentiality requirements of the PID Act (s. 16) not only protect the discloser, but also any other people affected by the disclosure.

The confidentiality requirements do not apply to all information in a disclosure, although we are committed to maintaining confidentiality around:

- any information that may identify the discloser or any person who may be the subject of a disclosure, including the fact a disclosure has been made; or
- information relating to a disclosure that, if known, may cause detriment.

Throughout the disclosure process and after its completion, the PID Act provides for the discloser's identity and the identity of any persons, that is, any subject of the disclosure, to be kept confidential, except in certain circumstances. Disclosing information which might identify, or tend to identify the disclosers (s. 16(1)) or any person that is the subject(s) (s. 16(3)) of your disclosure, except in accordance with the PID Act, is an offence punishable with a penalty of a \$24,000 fine or imprisonment for two years.

3.2.4 Confidentiality regarding the discloser

Maintaining confidentiality is an important part of protecting the discloser from any detrimental action in reprisal for making or intending to make a disclosure.

If the discloser consents to having their identity revealed to assist us in dealing with the disclosure, our PID Officer will record this in writing, signed by the discloser and the PID Officer.

Sometimes we may need to identify the discloser, without the discloser's consent (s. 16(1)(b)-(f)) but only where:

- it is necessary to do so having regard to the rules of natural justice; or
- it is necessary to do so to enable the matter to be investigated effectively; or
- we are ordered by a court or any other person or body having authority to hear, receive or examine evidence; or
- we are required by ss.152 or 153 of the Corruption, Crime and Misconduct Act 2003.

Before we identify the discloser for any of the reasons above, our PID Officer will take all reasonable steps to inform the discloser that this will happen and the reasons why. Our PID Officer will notify the discloser in writing.

If we need to provide information about the identity of the discloser to another person for the reasons above, our PID Officer will inform the other person that further disclosure to a third person may put them at risk of committing an offence.

Our PID Officer will also consider whether it is necessary to inform any external investigator about the identity of the discloser. Where it is necessary to provide this identifying information, our PID Officer will notify as described above.

Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

If a discloser's confidentiality cannot be maintained, we will develop a plan to support and protect the discloser from any potential risks of detrimental action. The discloser will be involved in developing this plan.

3.2.5 Confidentiality regarding the person, that is, the subject of the disclosure

The subject of a disclosure may consent to having their identity revealed to assist with the disclosure process (s. 16(3)(a)). Our PID Officer will record this in writing, signed by the subject of the disclosure.

Additionally, we may need to reveal identifying information about the subject(s) of a disclosure without their consent (ss. 16(3)(b)-(g)) where:

- it is necessary to do so to enable the matter to be investigated effectively
- it is necessary to do so in the course of taking action under s. 9
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that it is necessary to prevent or minimise the risk of injury to any person or damage to any property
- we are ordered by a court or any other person or body having authority to hear, receive or examine evidence or
- we are required by ss. 152 or 153 of the Corruption, Crime and Misconduct Act 2003.

There is no obligation to advise the subject of a disclosure that identifying information will be released.

3.2.6 Protections

The PID Act provides a range of protections for disclosers (Part 3). It also requires that our Chief Executive Officer provides protection for any employees who make disclosures (s. 23(1)(b)).

The PSC publication "*Don't be afraid to speak up*" contains general information about the protections provided by the PID Act. Our PID Officer will be able to expand on this information specific to Lotterywest and Healthway.

We are committed to ensuring that no detrimental action, including workplace reprisals by managers or other employees, occurs as a result of a person making a disclosure. If any of the above does occur, the discloser can request that we take action to protect them. Tell the PID Officer who is handling the disclosure immediately.

The PID Act also provides that the discloser may lose the protections provided in s. 13 in some circumstances, including where they on-disclose information or fail, without reasonable excuse, to assist any person investigating the matters of the disclosure.

3.2.7 Notification requirements

Our PID Officer will ensure that we complete all reporting in accordance with the legislative and administrative requirements of the PID Act.

Provided it is not an anonymous disclosure, our PID Officer will provide the following reports:

- within three months of making a disclosure, the action taken, or proposed to be taken, in relation to the disclosure (s. 10(1))
- when the disclosure process has concluded, the outcome of the investigation and the reasons for taking any action following the investigation (s. 10(4)).

Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

Our PID Officer may also provide a progress report during any investigation, either on their initiative or upon your request (ss. 10(2) and (3)).

Our PID Officer has some limits on what they can include in their reports. Section 11 prevents provision of information that would be likely to adversely affect:

- any person's safety (s. 11(1)(a)); or
- the investigation of an offence or possible offences (s. 11(1)(b)); or
- confidentiality as to the existence or identity of any other person who made a public interest disclosure (s. 11(1)(c)).

Our PID Officer is also prevented from giving any information that they must not disclose under ss. 151, 152 or 153 of the *Corruption, Crime and Misconduct Act 2003*.

3.2.8 Record keeping

During the investigation our PID Officer may make comprehensive and contemporaneous records of any discussions and interviews. These records along with any other documentation or files relating to the disclosure, whether paper or electronic, will be stored securely and only accessed by authorised persons.

To assist with annual reporting to the Public Sector Commissioner we will maintain a public interest disclosure register. We will assign a unique register number to each disclosure and record key information about your disclosure, any investigation and the outcome in the public interest disclosure register. This register (paper and/or electronic) is kept strictly confidential and maintained in a secure location.

3.3 How to make a public interest disclosure

3.3.1 Before you make a disclosure

We strongly encourage anyone thinking about making a public interest disclosure to seek advice from one of our PID Officers ('proper authority') before they do. A disclosure must be made to a proper authority for it to be covered by the PID Act.

A number of other requirements apply to the discloser, so it is important to understand the rights and responsibilities in the process. This information is outlined generally in [Don't be afraid to speak up](#), available from the Public Sector Commission website at www.publicsector.wa.gov.au and on our intranet under Governance - Personal Integrity - Misconduct.

At Lotterywest and Healthway the occupants of the following designated positions are specified with the authority as the persons responsible for receiving disclosures of public interest information in accordance with s. 23(1)(a). For the purposes of this procedure the PID Officers are the proper authority designated under s. 5(3)(h) for dealing with information that falls within the sphere of responsibility for Lotterywest and Healthway.

Their name and contact details are:

Position	Name of PID Officer	Contact details
Senior Manager Contracts, Corporate Services	Alan Byrne	9488 6135 Alan.Byrne@lotterywest.wa.gov.au

Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

Position	Name of PID Officer	Contact details
Lead Grants Policy and Social Impact	Renai Bremner	9488 6282 Renai.Bremner@lotterywest.wa.gov.au

Initial discussions between the discloser and the PID Officer should be general in nature and should not discuss the specific details of the disclosure until the discloser understands their rights and responsibilities under the PID Act. Our PID Officer will also let the discloser know that they need to make the disclosure voluntarily and consciously – we will never force a person to make a disclosure. This is because they cannot withdraw the disclosure once it is made. Once we receive your disclosure, our PID Officer is obliged to take action and we may continue to look into the matters within your disclosure irrespective of your continued approval.

These initial discussions with our PID Officer may help in deciding whether to make a public interest disclosure and also enable the PID Officer to ascertain if the information would be covered by the PID Act. If the information appears not to be the type covered by the PID Act, our PID Officer will discuss other mechanisms through which issues may be made, for example, our general complaints or grievance resolution process.

Our PID Officer will be able to provide more detailed information about Lotterywest and Healthway's disclosure process and what people can expect from it.

You can also contact the Public Sector Commission Advisory Line on (08) 6552 8888 (or 1800 676 607 for country callers) for general information about the disclosure process.

3.3.2 What is 'sphere of responsibility'?

Under s. 5(3)(h) the PID Officer for an authority can receive information relating to a matter which falls within the 'sphere of responsibility' for their public authority. 'Sphere of responsibility' is not defined in the PID Act but may include:

- matters that relate to Lotterywest or Healthway; or
- a public officer or public sector contractor of Lotterywest or Healthway; or
- a matter or person that Lotterywest or Healthway has a function or power to investigate.

The proper authority to which you need to make the disclosure depends on the type of disclosure information. Where the information is outside of our PID Officer's sphere of responsibility, it may need to be made to another proper authority for it to be considered as a public interest disclosure and for the discloser to receive the protections of the PID Act. A list of proper authorities and the information they can receive is covered in [Don't be afraid to speak up](#).

Proper authority

To be covered under the PID Act and for the protections of the PID Act to apply, a public interest disclosure must be made to a proper authority. The proper authority for a disclosure will depend on the information or 'matter' in the disclosure. In some cases, a public interest disclosure may be made to an external 'named' proper authority, as outlined in s. 5(3).

For example, any police officer may be a proper authority for disclosures relating to offences.

For the Corruption and Crime Commission

The PID Act also provides for the Corruption and Crime Commission (CCC) to receive public interest disclosures of information relating to an offence under State law. Subsequent references in these procedures to the PID Officer shall be taken to include an employee or officer of the CCC who receives, on behalf of the CCC, information relating to an offence under State law.

For the WA Police

The PID Act also provides for any police officer to receive public interest disclosures of information relating to an offence under State law. Subsequent references in these procedures to the PID Officer shall be taken to include a police officer who receives a public interest disclosure relating to an offence under State law.

For the Parliamentary Commissioner (Ombudsman Western Australia)

The PID Act also provides for the Ombudsman to receive public interest disclosures of information relating to matters of administration within the jurisdiction of the Ombudsman, and matters relating to most public officers. Subsequent references in these procedures to the PID Officer shall be taken to include an officer of the Ombudsman who receives, on behalf of the Ombudsman, information relating to these matters.

For the Auditor General

The PID Act also provides for the Auditor General to receive public interest disclosures of information relating to substantial unauthorised or irregular use or substantial mismanagement of public resources. Subsequent references in these procedures to the PID Officer shall be taken to include a person appointed by the Auditor General who receives, on behalf of the Auditor General, information relating to these matters.

For the Public Sector Commission

The PID Act also provides for the Public Sector Commissioner to receive public interest disclosures of information that relates to a Public Officer (other than a Member of Parliament, a Minister of the Crown, a judicial officer or an officer referred to in Schedule 1 to the Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1971). Subsequent references in these procedures to the PID Officer shall be taken to include the Public Sector Commissioner.

3.3.3 Making the disclosure

A discloser needs to clearly identify that they are making a public interest disclosure. For the purposes of accountability and certainty, persons wishing to make a disclosure of public interest information under the PID Act are encouraged to do so in writing. As we expect that most disclosures will be made in writing, Lotterywest and Healthway have developed a form which can be used for the purpose of making such a disclosure - [Public Interest Disclosure Lodgment Form](#). There is no requirement to use the form, although we encourage the use of this form. The form will help to define the details of the disclosure. A discloser may fill out the form themselves or our PID Officer may complete the form if they are speaking with the discloser and then have them sign the form to acknowledge they are making a disclosure voluntarily and consciously.

Lotterywest and Healthway will accept anonymous disclosures, but if a discloser decides to make an anonymous disclosure, they should understand that it may be more difficult for our PID Officer to investigate or take action about the disclosure. This is because they cannot come back to seek any further information. We are also not required to provide any reports about the progress or final outcome of the disclosure, if the discloser chooses to remain anonymous.

An anonymous disclosure may not prevent the discloser from being identified during an investigation. Additionally, if our PID Officer does not know who made the disclosure, it will be difficult for them to ensure the discloser is protected and to prevent any reprisal or detrimental action.

3.3.4 Determining whether your matter is an appropriate disclosure

Once our PID Officer has received the disclosure they will assess whether it meets the requirements under the PID Act. It may be that our PID Officer undertakes initial inquiries and decides not to take the matter any further, as it does not constitute an appropriate public interest disclosure.

If the disclosure is not one to which the PID Act applies, our PID Officer will let the discloser know the reasons for their decision (unless you made an anonymous disclosure) and make proper and adequate records about it. Some matters raised within the disclosure may not be matters to which the PID Act applies and the PID Officer may discuss with the discloser other pathways to report these matters.

If the disclosure is one to which the PID Act applies, our PID Officer will ensure proper and adequate records are made and will communicate with the discloser further, unless it is an anonymous disclosure.

Our PID Officer will notify the discloser within three months about what we plan to do in dealing with the disclosure, unless it is an anonymous disclosure.

3.3.5 Determining whether your public interest disclosure will be investigated

After assessing the disclosure as one to which the PID Act applies, our PID Officer will consider whether it will be investigated, guided by the requirements in s. 8. The reasons a PID Officer may not investigate the disclosure include:

- the matter is trivial
- the disclosure is vexatious or frivolous

Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

- there is no reasonable prospect of obtaining sufficient evidence due to the time that has elapsed since the matter(s) occurred
- the matter is being or has been adequately or properly investigated by another proper authority (s. 5(3)).

Our PID Officer will make proper and adequate records of their decision and reasons about whether to investigate or not.

3.3.6 Referring public interest matters

Where our PID Officer assesses the disclosure as one to which the PID Act applies, but they do not have the functions or power to investigate one or more matters within the disclosure, they will refer the information to the appropriate authority for investigation as provided for under the PID Act. Alternatively, a discloser may also be able to make a disclosure directly to this new authority, if they wish to receive reports from them about the disclosure. For example, our PID Officer may need to refer an allegation of an offence supported by evidence to the Western Australia Police for investigation.

3.3.7 Investigating the disclosure

Our PID Officer will investigate, or cause to be investigated, any matters in the disclosure within the sphere of responsibility. Our PID Officer may cause the disclosure to be investigated by engaging a suitably skilled staff member within Lotterywest or Healthway or an externally contracted investigator.

If causing the disclosure to be investigated, our PID Officer will ensure that the person undertaking the investigation understands the requirements of the PID Act, in particular the confidentiality requirements and protections for disclosers. Our PID Officer will only provide the name of the discloser and that of the subject of the disclosure to the investigator in accordance with s. 16 of the PID Act.

When investigating the disclosure, our PID Officer or investigator is limited by the functions and powers derived from our operating legislation. The PID Act does not provide for any additional investigative powers.

If you are an employee, you are expected to cooperate with any investigation into the disclosure to maintain the protections under the PID Act. A discloser is also expected to act in accordance with Our Code of Conduct at all times.

Employees who are the subject of the disclosure can clarify the process and what to expect with our PID Officer.

Our PID Officer may also decide to discontinue an investigation, in accordance with s. 8(2). If this happens, they will give the discloser reasons for their decision in accordance with s. 8(3), unless they made an anonymous disclosure. The PID Officer may also notify any subject(s) of the disclosure, if they discontinue the investigation.

To ensure the disclosure is adequately and properly investigated our PID Officer, or other investigator, will be guided by the procedures set out below and in Appendices 1, 2 and 3.

Typical procedures for an investigation

In conducting an investigation, typical steps may include:

- *developing the terms of reference for the investigation, clarifying the key issues in the disclosure*
- *ensuring the objectives of the investigation include:*
 - *collecting and collating information related to the disclosure*
 - *considering the information collected*
 - *drawing conclusions objectively and impartially*
- *specifying a date by which the investigation should be completed and a report provided to the discloser about the final outcome, bearing in mind that the discloser may be able to disclose to a journalist if:*
 - *the PID Officer does not notify the discloser within three months of them making their disclosure about how they plan to deal with the disclosure*
 - *the PID Officer discontinues an investigation*
 - *the PID Officer does not complete the investigation within six months*
 - *the PID Officer does not provide a final report to the discloser about the outcome and any action taken, including the reasons for that action*
- *informing the subject of the disclosure about their rights and obligations under the PID Act, the PID Officer's code of conduct and integrity, Our Code of Conduct and the law*
- *maintaining procedural fairness for the person who is the subject of the disclosure*
- *the investigator making contemporaneous notes of discussions and interviews and, where practicable and appropriate, recording discussions and interviews on audio or videotape (ensuring people are made aware they are being recorded)*
- *ensuring strict security to maintain the confidentiality requirements of the PID Act.*

3.3.8 What are your responsibilities if you are the subject of a disclosure?

A subject of a disclosure is a person of interest about whom an allegation of a public interest disclosure has been made.

We will treat the person fairly and impartially throughout the process and inform them of their rights and obligations. We will generally keep the parties involved informed during any investigation, although we cannot release any information to the person that may prejudice our investigation. As an employee it is expected that they will act in accordance with Our Code of Conduct at all times.

The PID Act provides the person with some rights and obligations as a person subject to a disclosure. Firstly, the subject has a right to have their identity kept confidential under s. 16(3), unless one of the following conditions apply:

- you consent to your identity being disclosed
- it is necessary to enable the matter to be investigated effectively
- it is necessary to do so in taking action within s. 9
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that it is necessary to prevent or minimise the risk of injury to any person or damage to any property
- is made in accordance with a court order or other body having authority to hear evidence

Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

- it is made in accordance with ss. 152 or 153 of the Corruption, Crime and Misconduct Act 2003.

We will also provide appropriate natural justice. This means that, before we take any disciplinary or other action against the person under s. 9, we will give you the opportunity to:

- be informed of the substance of the allegations; and
- make a submission either verbally or in writing in relation to the matter.

If you are the subject of a disclosure, you must not identify or tend to identify the identity of the discloser or a person who they think might be the discloser, as they also have rights to confidentiality under the PID Act. It is an offence under s. 16 to identify or tend to identify any person who has made a disclosure under the PID Act.

Also, you must not engage in reprisal action, threaten anyone with reprisal action or have someone else conduct this action on your behalf because someone has made, or intends to make, a disclosure. It is still an offence to conduct this action against any person you believe has made the disclosure even if they were not the individual who actually made the disclosure. This is an offence under s. 14(1) of the PID Act.

3.3.9 Taking action

Our PID Officer will take action where they form the opinion that a person may be, may have been or may in the future be, involved in conduct which may be the subject of a public interest disclosure. Usually, our PID Officer will form this opinion at the conclusion of an investigation, although there may be instances where they need to take immediate action and the PID Act enables them to do this.

Action our PID Officer may take under s. 9 includes, but is not limited to:

- preventing the matter disclosed from continuing or occurring;
- referring the matter to the Western Australia Police or other appropriate body; or
- taking disciplinary action against a person responsible for the matter.

The options above are not mutually exclusive. Our PID Officer may take more than one action depending on the circumstances. For example, our PID Officer may seek to terminate the employment of an employee caught stealing and refer the matter to the Western Australia Police.

In taking action our PID Officer and/or Lotterywest and Healthway are limited by the powers and functions derived from our operating legislation. The PID Act does not provide for any additional powers to take action. We are also guided by what is necessary and reasonable in the circumstances.

Before taking any action we will give the person against whom the action is to be taken (the subject of the disclosure) an opportunity to respond, either verbally or in writing, to ensure procedural fairness.

3.3.10 Confidentiality and record keeping when taking action

We will maintain confidentiality in accordance with the PID Act when taking action.

Our PID Officer will keep appropriate records about any action taken, as well as recording a summary of this action in the public interest disclosure register.

3.3.11 After the public interest disclosure process has been finalised

The PID Act places no further obligations on Lotterywest or Healthway or our PID Officers after the disclosure process is complete. The confidentiality requirements of the PID Act, however, continue to apply to you and all other people involved with the disclosure.

The PID Act does not provide for you to appeal the outcome of the disclosure process. You may be able to make another disclosure to another proper authority, if the information relates to their functions or sphere of responsibility (s. 5). See [Don't be afraid to speak up](#) for the correct proper authority for your disclosure.

However, this 'new' proper authority may be able to decline to investigate the disclosure under s. 8, if they consider the matter(s) has already been properly or adequately investigated (as a public interest disclosure).

3.3.12 Making a disclosure to a journalist

The PID Act provides for certain circumstances where a discloser may be able to make a protected disclosure to a journalist (s. 7A). These circumstances apply where the discloser has first made a disclosure to the PID Officer or another proper authority named in the PID Act (outlined in s. 5 or *Don't be afraid to speak up*).

Importantly, the PID Act states that to attract the privileges and protections of the PID Act when disclosing to a journalist, the discloser must disclose information that is substantially the same as what was disclosed in the original disclosure and the PID Officer that received the original disclosure:

- did not notify the discloser within three months of making the disclosure about actions they propose to take or have already taken; or
- refused to investigate, or discontinued the investigation of, a matter raised in the disclosure; or
- did not complete an investigation within six months of the discloser making the disclosure; or
- completed an investigation but did not recommend that action be taken; or
- did not provide the discloser with a report stating the outcome of any investigation or any action proposed or taken and the reasons for those actions.

We are committed to ensuring that we provide the notifications required under the PID Act and that the discloser understands the reasons for our decisions and actions. If a discloser is considering making a disclosure to a journalist because they believe their circumstances meet one or more of the requirements outlined above, we would encourage the discloser to discuss this with the PID Officer prior to disclosure to a journalist.

It is also recommended that the discloser seek their own legal advice before taking any action in relation to matters that have been disclosed under the PID Act.

If a discloser makes an anonymous disclosure they may not be able to demonstrate they meet the above requirements and we are not obliged to provide the discloser with any notifications about what happens to the disclosure.

3.3.13 Contact details and further information

Further contact details and information

Relevant contact details relating to Public Interest Disclosures can be found at the start of section 3.3 of this document as well as on the Public Sector Commission's website www.publicsector.wa.gov.au

4. Roles & Responsibilities – parties involved in the disclosure process at Lotterywest and Healthway

NB. References in table below to Lotterywest refer to both Lotterywest and Healthway

Person / role	Responsibilities
Principal executive officer (s. 23) (in Lotterywest, the Chief Executive Officer):	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Designates the occupant of a specified position (a PID Officer) to receive public interest disclosures related to Lotterywest (s. 23(1)(a)).• Provides protection from detrimental action or the threat of detrimental action for any employee of Lotterywest who makes a public interest disclosure (s. 23(1)(b)).• Ensures Lotterywest complies with the PID Act and the code of conduct and integrity established by the Public Sector Commissioner (ss. 23(1)(c) and (d)).• Prepares and publishes internal procedures, consistent with those prepared by the Public Sector Commission, detailing how Lotterywest will meet its obligations under the PID Act (s. 23(1)(e)).• Provides information (s. 23(1)(f)) to the Public Sector Commissioner on the:<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ number of disclosures received by Lotterywest○ results of any investigations conducted as a result of the disclosures○ action, if any taken, as a result of each disclosure○ any matters as prescribed.• May have a role in enabling an investigation to be undertaken or taking disciplinary action against individuals under functions and powers separately from the PID Act.

Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

Person / role	Responsibilities
<p>The Proper Authority (s. 5(3), 7 and 18) or PID Officer (s. 23(1)(a)):</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As is designated by ss. 5(3)(a-g) or by the Chief Executive Officer of Lotterywest, under s. 23(1)(a) the PID Officer is to receive disclosures related to Lotterywest. • Provides information to potential disclosers about their rights and responsibilities consistent with the code of conduct and integrity established under s. 20(1). • Receives and manages public interest disclosures in accordance with the PID Act (s. 5(3)). • Notifies the discloser within three months of the disclosure being made about what action is planned in dealing with the disclosure (s. 10(1)). • Where appropriate, investigates, or causes an investigation of, the matters in the disclosures (s. 8(1)). • Where appropriate, provides information to subjects of a disclosure about their rights, responsibilities, duties and potential offences (s. 9(2), s. 14, s. 15, s. 16 and s. 24). • Where appropriate, takes such action as is necessary and reasonable, within their functions and powers in accordance with s. 9. • Maintains confidentiality of the identity of the discloser and subject(s) of disclosures, in accordance with the requirements of the PID Act (s. 11 and s. 16). • Provides progress reports where requested and a final report to the discloser in accordance with s. 10. • Creates and maintains proper and secure records in relation to the disclosures in accordance with the code of conduct and integrity established under s. 20(1) and the <i>State Records Act 2000</i>. • Completes a PID Register for each disclosure lodged (s. 23(1)(f)). • Acts in accordance with the rules of natural justice (s. 9(2) and s. 16(1)(b)). • Acts in accordance with the code of conduct and integrity established by the Public Sector Commissioner (s. 20(1)) and any authority-specific code of conduct established separately from the PID Act.

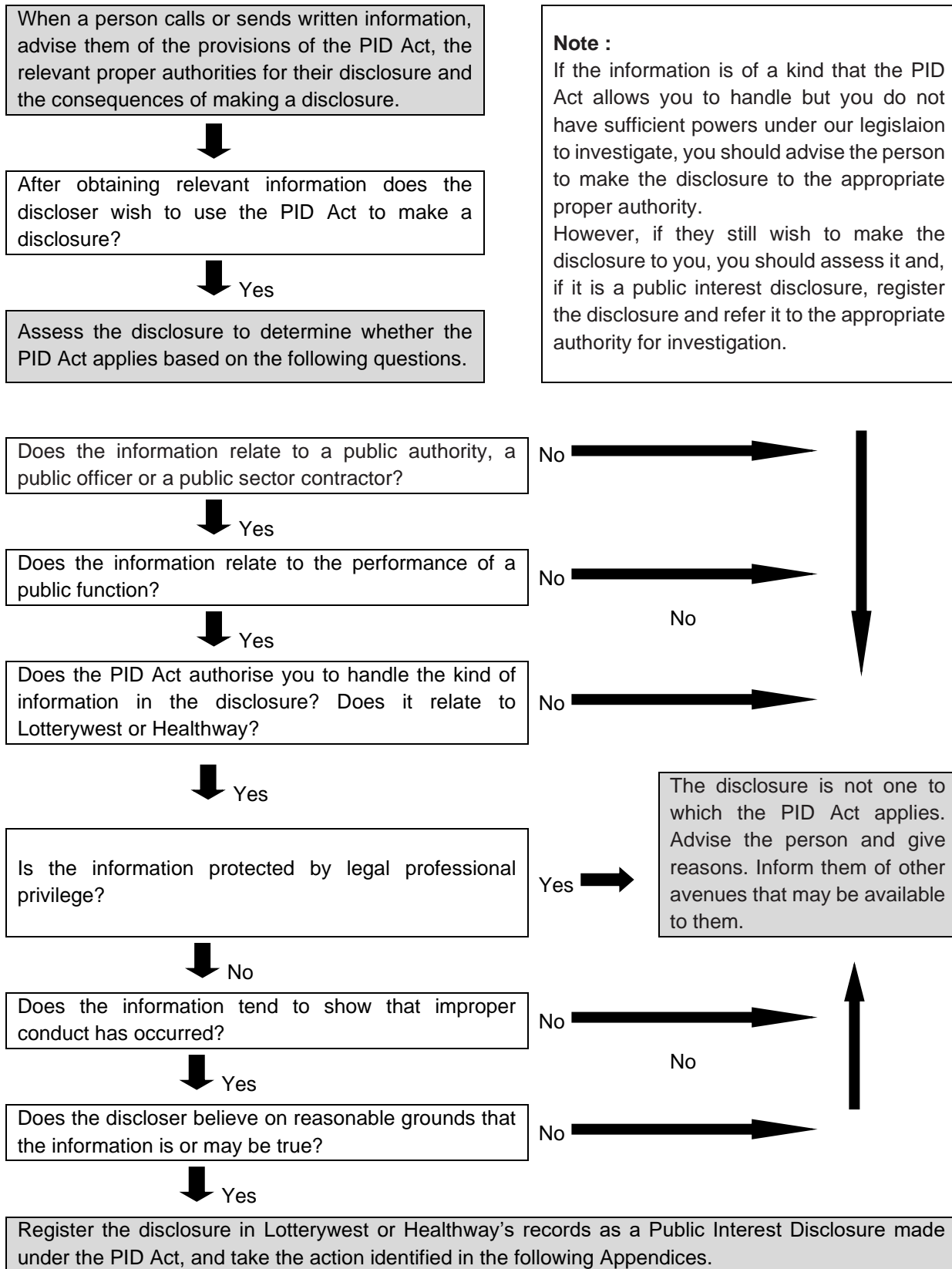
Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

Person / role	Responsibilities
The discloser:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Makes a public interest disclosure to a proper authority or our PID Officer if the matter relates to Lotterywest (s. 5(1)). • Believes on reasonable grounds the information in their disclosure is, or may be, true (s. 5(2)). • Does not disclose information subject to legal professional privilege (s. 5(6)). • Does not knowingly and recklessly make a false or misleading disclosure (s. 24(1)). • Maintains confidentiality of the information disclosed and the identity of the person(s) to whom the information relates, in accordance with the requirements of the PID Act (s. 16 and s. 17(1)(b)). • Assists any person investigating the matter to which the disclosure relates by supplying the person with any information requested (s. 17(1)(a)).
The subject of the disclosure (person about whom disclosure is made):	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is afforded the opportunity to make a submission, either orally or in writing, in relation to the matter before preventative or disciplinary action is taken (s. 9(2)). • Maintains confidentiality of the identity of the discloser, in accordance with the requirements of the PID Act (s. 16(1)). • Is to be treated in accordance with the rules of natural justice (s. 16(1)(b)). • Does not take or threaten to take detrimental action (defined in s. 3) against a person because they have made or intend to make a disclosure (s. 14(1)). • Does not incite another person to take detrimental action against another because they have made or intend to make a disclosure (s. 14(2)). • Does not commit an act of victimisation by taking or threatening to take detrimental action against the person making or intending to make a disclosure (s. 15(1)).
An investigating officer:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May investigate matters of public interest information on behalf of a proper authority of Lotterywest, in accordance with the terms of reference given to them. • Maintains confidentiality of the identity of the disclosure and any persons subject to the disclosure, in accordance with s. 16. • Makes, and keeps secure, comprehensive records of any investigation undertaken.

Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

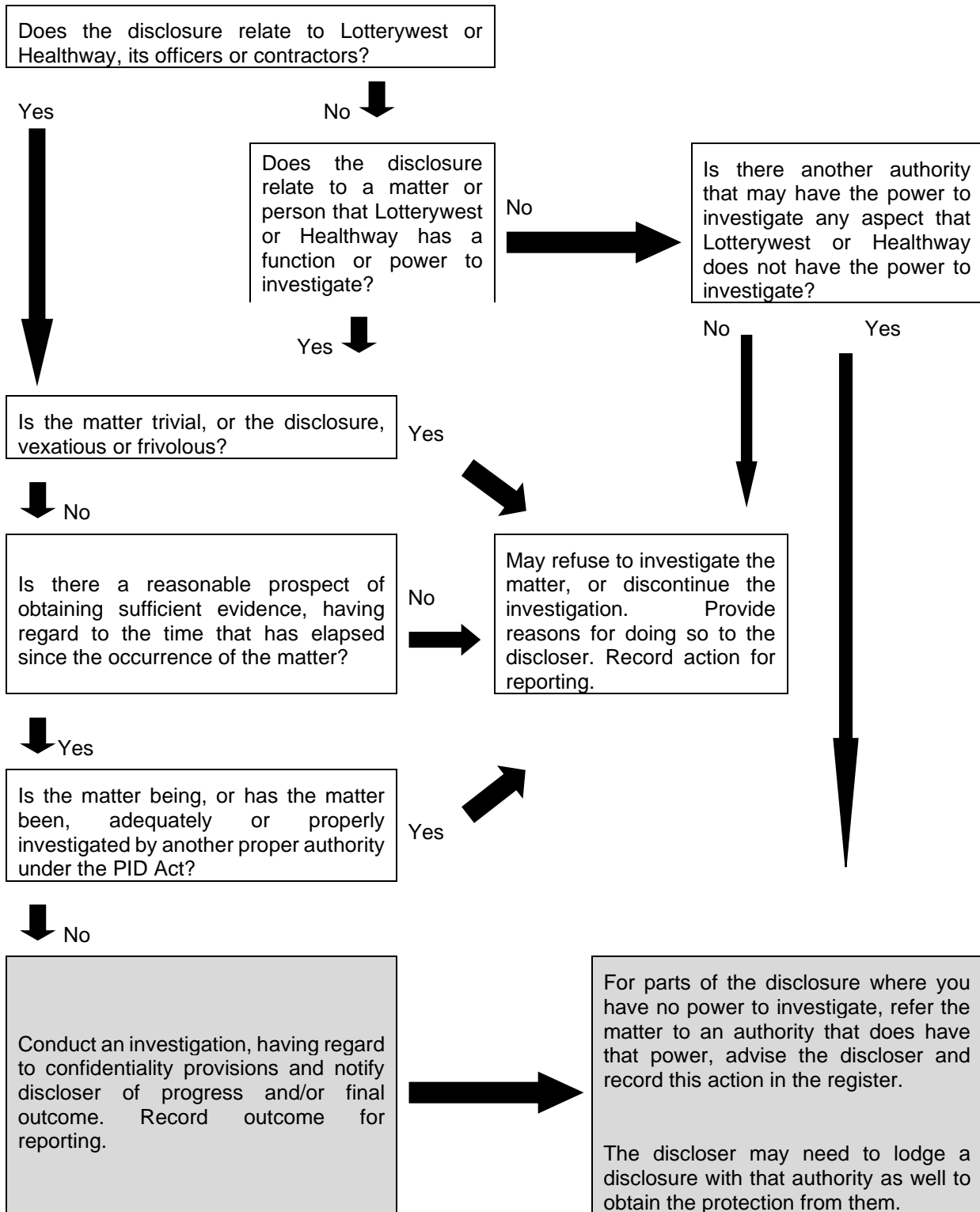
5. Appendices

Appendix 1 - Flowchart for receiving and assessing disclosures



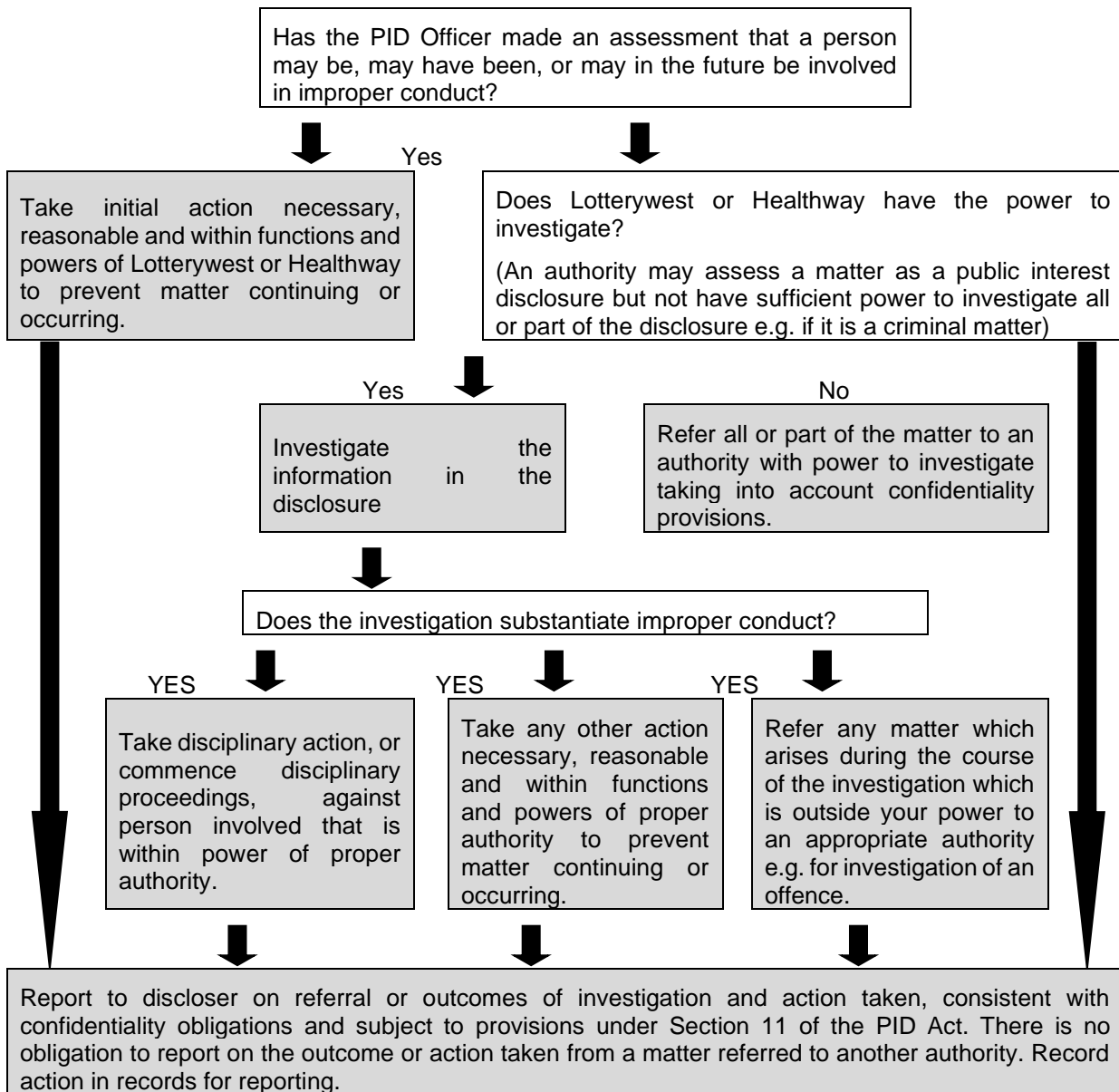
Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

Appendix 2 - Flowchart for investigating information disclosed



Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

Appendix 3 - Flowchart for taking action



Note on referrals

The confidentiality provisions apply when you refer a matter and the authority to whom the matter is referred is bound by the confidentiality provisions of the PID Act. However, they will treat it in accordance with their own powers and are not required to treat the matter as a PID for the purposes of reporting the outcome to the discloser.

Nothing precludes the discloser from lodging the matter as a PID in the new authority if they wish to extend the legal protections available to them under the PID Act and receive reports from the new authority on the outcome and action taken.

Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

Appendix 4 – [Lotterywest and Healthway Public Interest Disclosure Lodgement Form](#)

Lotterywest and Healthway strongly encourage anyone thinking about making a public interest disclosure to seek out a proper authority to discuss their issues first. Lotterywest's and Healthway's proper authority Public Interest Disclosure (PID) Officers are:

Position	Name of PID Officer	Contact details
Senior Manager Contracts, Corporate Services	Alan Byrne	(08) 9488 6135 Alan.Byrne@lotterywest.wa.gov.au
Lead Grants Policy and Social Impact	Renai Bremner	(08) 9488 6282 Renai.Bremner@lotterywest.wa.gov.au

Ensure you understand your rights and responsibilities under the *Public Interest Disclosure Act 2003* (PID Act) before you sign this lodgement form. You may wish to seek external legal advice about those rights and responsibilities. Lodge your public interest disclosure form with our PID Officer.

Personal details

Family name					
Given name					
Title	<input type="checkbox"/> Mr	<input type="checkbox"/> Ms	<input type="checkbox"/> Mrs	<input type="checkbox"/> Dr	<input type="checkbox"/> Other
Address					
Work phone					
Mobile					
Email					

<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>I wish to make an anonymous public interest disclosure. I understand that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I will not receive any information about what happens to this disclosure it may be more difficult for the proper authority to look into the matter(s) as they cannot come back to me for further information it may be more difficult for the PID Officer/Lotterywest or Healthway to protect me this anonymous disclosure may not prevent me from being identified during any investigation or when action is being taken.
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Categories of public interest information

Tick relevant box(es)

Improper conduct	<input type="checkbox"/>
An offence under written State law	<input type="checkbox"/>
Substantial unauthorised or irregular use of, or substantial mismanagement of, public resources	<input type="checkbox"/>
Conduct involving a substantial and specific risk of injury to public health, or prejudice to public safety or harm to the environment	<input type="checkbox"/>
Administration matter(s) affecting you personally	<input type="checkbox"/>

Public Interest Disclosure Guideline

Disclosure details	
Name of the public authority(ies) the disclosure relates to	
Do you work for a public authority?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, which public authority and what is your position title?
Does the disclosure relate to one or more individuals?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, provide name(s) and position(s) held by person(s) in the public authority
When did the alleged events occur?	
Summary of the matters to disclose	
Additional information	
Description of any documents provided or names of witnesses	
Have you reported this information to any other person or agency?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
If yes, did you report this information as a Public Interest Disclosure matter?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, please provide details

Acknowledgement

I believe on reasonable grounds that the information contained in this disclosure is or may be true.

I have been informed and I am aware that:

- I will commit an offence under section 24 of the PID Act, if I know that the information contained in this disclosure is false or misleading in a material particular, or I am reckless as to whether it is false or misleading in a material particular.
Penalty: \$12,000 or imprisonment for one (1) year.
- I will forfeit the protection provided by section 13 of the PID Act, if I fail, without reasonable excuse, to assist a person investigating the matter by supplying requested information (s17).
- I will forfeit the protection provided by section 13 of the PID Act, if I subsequently disclose this information to any person other than a proper authority under the PID Act (s17).
- I will commit an offence, if I subsequently make a disclosure of information that might identify or tend to identify anyone as a person in respect of whom this disclosure has been made under the PID Act, except in accordance with section 16(3) of the PID Act.
Penalty: \$24,000 or imprisonment for two (2) years.
- I cannot withdraw my disclosure after I have made it.

Authorisation

Discloser's signature:
Date:

6. Related documents

- Lotterywest and Healthway Public Interest Disclosure Guideline
- [Lotterywest and Healthway Public Interest Disclosure Lodgement Form](#)
- Public Interest Disclosure Act 2003 - https://www.legislation.wa.gov.au/legislation/statutes.nsf/law_a6372.html
- Public Sector Commission publications:
- “Don’t be afraid to speak up: Guide for disclosers” - <https://www.wa.gov.au/government/document-collections/public-interest-disclosure-resources>
- “Speaking Out: A Guide to Making a Public Interest Disclosure” - <https://www.wa.gov.au/government/document-collections/public-interest-disclosure-resources>
- “When someone speaks up – Guide for managers” - <https://www.wa.gov.au/government/document-collections/public-interest-disclosure-resources>
- “PID Officers Code of Conduct and Integrity” - <https://www.wa.gov.au/government/document-collections/public-interest-disclosure-resources>